of Disability Hearings or his or her delegate. For cases at the Administrative Law Judge hearing or Appeals Council level, the responsibility for deciding your residual functional capacity rests with the Administrative Law Judge or Appeals Council.

[56 FR 36970, Aug. 1, 1991, as amended at 62 FR 38454, July 18, 1997]

VOCATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

§416.960 When your vocational background will be considered.

(a) General. If you are age 18 or older and applying for benefits based on disability and we cannot decide whether you are disabled on medical evidence alone, we will consider your residual functional capacity together with your vocational background.

(b) Past relevant work. We will first compare your residual functional capacity with the physical and mental demands of the kind of work you have done in the past. If you still have the residual functional capacity to do your past relevant work, we will find that you can still do your past work, and we will determine that you are not disabled, without considering your vocational factors of age, education, and work experience.

(c) Other work. If we find that you can no longer do the kind of work you have done in the past, we will then consider your residual functional capacity together with your vocational factors of age, education, and work experience to determine whether you can do other work. By other work we mean jobs that exist in significant numbers in the national economy.

[55 FR 11011, Mar. 26, 1990]

§ 416.961 Your ability to do work depends upon your residual functional capacity.

If you can do your previous work (your usual work or other applicable past work), we will determine that you are not disabled. However, if your residual functional capacity is not enough to enable you to do any of your previous work, we must still decide if you can do any other work. To do this, we consider your residual functional capacity, and your age, education, and work experience. Any work (jobs) that

you can do must exist in significant numbers in the national economy (either in the region where you live or in several regions of the country). Sections 416.963 through 416.965 explain how we evaluate your age, education, and work experience when we are deciding whether or not you are able to do other work.

§416.962 If you have done only arduous unskilled physical labor.

If you have only a marginal education and work experience of 35 years or more during which you did arduous unskilled physical labor, and you are not working and are no longer able to do this kind of work because of a severe impairment(s), we will consider you unable to do lighter work, and therefore, disabled. However, if you are working or have worked despite your impairment(s) (except where the work is sporadic or is not medically advisable), we will review all the facts in your case, and we may find that you are not disabled. In addition, we will consider that you are not disabled if the evidence shows that you have training or past work experience which enables you to do substantial gainful activity in another occupation with your impairment, either on a full-time or a reasonably regular part-time basis.

Example: B is a 60-year-old miner with a fourth grade education who has a life-long history of arduous physical labor. B says that he is disabled because of arthritis of the spine, hips, and knees, and other impairments. Medical evidence shows a combination of impairments and establishes that these impairments prevent B from performing his usual work or any other type of arduous physical labor. His vocational background does not show that he has skills or capabilities needed to do lighter work which would be readily transferable to another work setting. Under these circumstances, we will find that B is disabled.

§416.963 Your age as a vocational factor.

(a) General. Age refers to how old you are (your chronological age) and the extent to which your age affects your ability to adapt to a new work situation and to do work in competition with others. However, we do not determine disability on your age alone. We